NEW APPLICATION



BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION

1		REVENTA				
2	COMMISSIONERS Arizona Compor	AZ CORP COMMISSION DOCKET CONTROL				
3	SUSAN BITTER SMITH, Chail C					
4	BOB STUMP BOB BURNS APR	9 2015				
5	DOUG LITTLE TOM FORESE DOCKETED B	ORIGINAL				
6	In the matter of:	907 DOCKET NO. S-20926A-15-0116				
7	Deer Park Development Corporation,) NOTICE OF OPPORTUNITY FOR HEARING				
8	•) REGARDING PROPOSED ORDER TO				
9	Marty O'Malley and Julie Unruh O'Malley, husband and wife,) CEASE AND DESIST, ORDER FOR) RESTITUTION, ORDER FOR) ADMINISTRATIVE PENALTIES ANI				
10	Robert D. Bjerken,	ORDER FOR OTHER AFFIRMATIVE ACTION				
11	Respondents.)				
12	NOTICE: EACH RESPONDENT	THAS 10 DAYS TO REQUEST A HEARING				
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14	EACH RESPONDENT HAS 30 DAYS TO FILE AN ANSWER					
15	The Securities Division ("Division") of the Arizona Corporation Commission ("Commission"					
	alleges that Respondents Deer Park Development Corporation, Marty O'Malley and Robert Bjerker					
16	have engaged in acts, practices, and transactions that constitute violations of the Securities Act or					
17	Arizona, A.R.S. § 44-1801 et seq. ("Securities Act").					
18	The Division further alleges that Respondent Marty O'Malley is a person controlling Deer					
19	Park Development Corporation within the meaning of A.R.S. § 44-1999, so that he is jointly and					
20	severally liable under A.R.S. § 44-1999 to the same extent as Deer Park Development Corporation for					
21	violations of the Securities Act.					
22	I.					
23	JURISDICTION					
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The Commission has jurisdiction over this matter pursuant to Article XV of the Arizona Constitution and the Securities Act.

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II.

RESPONDENTS

- 2. Deer Park Development Corporation ("DPDC") is a Nevada corporation organized under the laws of the state of Nevada in November 2005. DPDC has not been registered by the Commission as a securities salesman or dealer.
- 3. Robert D. Bjerken ("Bjerken"), has been at all relevant times an unmarried man and resident of the state of Arizona. Bjerken has not been registered by the Commission as a securities salesman or dealer.
- 4. During the relevant timeframe, i.e. throughout the years 2009 2013, Bjerken was the CFO of DPDC. Bjerken was also DPDC's accountant.
- 5. Marty O'Malley ("O'Malley"), has been at all relevant times a married man and resident of the state of Nevada. O'Malley has not been registered by the Commission as a securities salesman or dealer.
 - 6. At all relevant times, O'Malley was President and a Director of DPDC.
- 7. O'Malley and Respondent Spouse (defined below) also owned at least 30,000,000 shares of DPDC stock.
- 8. DPDC discusses O'Malley's stock ownership and the authority related to such stock in a "Confidential Private Placement Memorandum" (the "PPM") which O'Malley caused to be prepared and distributed to several DPDC investors.
- 9. The PPM states that, prior to the DPDC stock offering that is the subject of this case, O'Malley owned 31,000,000 of the then-outstanding 37,500,000 DPDC shares. The stock offering would result in 50,000,000 total outstanding shares. As the PPM makes clear, before and after the stock offering, DPDC's key officers, including O'Malley, would have control over the election of directors and officers and over the company's major decisions.

10.	Julie Un	ruh O'Malley ("	Respondent S	Spouse") wa	s at all	relevant	times the	spouse of
Respondent	O'Malley.	Respondent Spo	use is joined	in this actio	n undei	A.R.S.	§ 44-2031	(C) solely
for purposes	of determin	ning the liability o	of the marital	community.				

11. At all times relevant, Respondent O'Malley was acting for his own benefit and for the benefit or in furtherance of Respondent O'Malley and Respondent Spouse's marital community.

III.

FACTS

DPDC's real-property business and the stock offering

- 12. In late 2008, DPDC was a start-up company attempting to get in the business of buying and reselling residential property.
- 13. According to DPDC's PPM, DPDC's principals—including CEO Marty O'Malley—have extensive real estate experience including "front row seats" to previous real estate market cycles. Based on this experience, DPDC would acquire discounted or distressed single-family residences in Phoenix and Las Vegas and resale them for a profit.
- 14. To finance this business, DPDC intended to sell 200 "units" of stock. Each unit contained 62,500 shares and was to be sold for \$25,000 for a total aggregate offering of \$5,000,000.
- 15. From approximately January 2009 until approximately November 2013, Respondents offered and sold DPDC stock to at least 40 investors within or from Arizona. Several of the investors made multiple purchases.
- 16. In exchange for their investments, the DPDC investors received stock certificates signed by "Marty O'Malley" as President of DPDC.
- 17. At least 33 of the 40 DPDC stock investors also received a document titled "Subscription for Shares" for one or all of their stock purchases. O'Malley, as President of DPDC, signed Subscriptions given to at least 17 investors including seven Subscriptions that he co-signed

with Bjerken; Bjerken, as CFO of DPDC, signed Subscriptions given to at least 24 investors including seven Subscriptions that he co-signed with O'Malley.

- 18. Each Subscription included the number of shares being purchased, the price of the shares, and the signature of the subscriber.
- 19. At least 31 of the DPDC investors had the following representation in a Subscription that they received from DPDC: "The subscriber has read, understands and accepts of the Private Placement Memorandum of Deer Park Development Corporation."
 - 20. The DPDC stock offering was not registered as a security with the Commission.
- 21. The 40 investors paid a total purchase price of approximately \$846,130 for their DPDC stock.
 - 22. Bjerken offered and sold DPDC stock to 39 of the 40 investors.
- 23. Bjerken acted as an accountant for and had longstanding relationships with most of the persons to whom he sold DPDC stock. Several investors relied on Bjerken's favorable opinion of the DPDC investment when deciding to invest.
- 24. The 39 investors to whom Bjerken offered DPDC stock paid a total of approximately \$841,130 for their DPDC stock.
- 25. Multiple DPDC investors deposited their funds into a bank account in Arizona for which Bjerken was a signatory. After investor funds were deposited into this account, Bjerken would forward the funds to an account controlled by O'Malley.
- 26. O'Malley offered and sold stock to 17 of the 40 investors; these 17 investors received Subscriptions signed by O'Malley. These 17 investors consist of one investor who dealt exclusively with O'Malley and 16 investors to whom O'Malley and Bjerken jointly offered and sold stock.
- 27. The 17 investors to whom O'Malley offered and sold DPDC stock paid a total of \$303,800 for their DPDC stock; this includes \$5,000 from the investor to whom O'Malley solely sold DPDC stock.

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28. At all relevant times, O'Malley has been a signatory of DPDC's bank accounts, and other bank accounts in which investor funds were deposited.

Failure to disclose previous Commission orders and other actions

- 29. Respondents failed to disclose to investors previous actions involving Securities Act violations.
- 30. In 1991, 1996, and 2003, the Commission entered orders against Bjerken for violations of the Securities Act (the "Commission Action(s)").
- 31. On June 6, 1991, the Commission found that Bjerken sold unregistered securities without being licensed to sell securities, and that Bjerken violated A.R.S. § 44-1991. Among other things, the factual findings show that Bjerken overstated the potential return on the investment and failed to disclose the risks. The Commission ordered Bjerken to pay jointly and severally restitution of \$67,500 and a \$7,000 penalty.
- 32. On December 18, 1996, the Commission found that Bjerken sold unregistered stock in a company called "Go Unified, Inc." Bjerken was not licensed to sell securities. The Commission also held that Bjerken violated A.R.S. § 44-1991 for multiple omissions and misrepresentations. Among other things, Bjerken failed to disclose the 1991 Commission order; he claimed that the company issuing stock had \$8,000,000 in assets when financial statements showed that it had approximately \$200,000; he claimed that the company had an 8.5 to 1 "price-earnings" ration when in fact the company had no earnings or established market price (the company was a barely-functioning startup); and Bjerken represented that he was selling a "desperate shareholder's" stock, when in fact he sold his own and the company's stock. This order required Bjerken to pay \$119,000 in restitution, \$42,000 in penalties, and an additional \$5,000 penalty for violating the Commission's 1991 order.
- 33. In the 2003 order, the Commission found that Bjerken, while not licensed with the Commission, fraudulently offered and sold securities in the form of promissory notes. The Commission also found that Bjerken violated the antifraud provisions of the Securities Act by

failing to disclose the 1991 and 1996 Commission orders to investors. This order required Bjerken to pay \$8,234,144 in restitution and a \$10,000 penalty.

- 34. O'Malley was named as a respondent in the Commission's 1996 action involving the Go Unified stock offering.
- 35. Additionally, one investor sued O'Malley for his role in the Go Unified stock offering. Bjerken was also named as a defendant in the complaint. The investor obtained an arbitration award against O'Malley and Go United for \$14,400.
- 36. A second lawsuit against O'Malley involved O'Malley and Go United selling a \$50,000 promissory note. This lawsuit resulting in a judgment against O'Malley of \$2,130 and \$62,609.27 (\$50,000 of this was principal).
- 37. Respondents failed to disclose to investors the 1991, 1996 and 2003 orders and the civil litigation, arbitration award and judgment against O'Malley. These orders and actions are also not disclosed in the PPM.

Failure to disclose O'Malley's 2002 bankruptcy

- 38. In its PPM, DPDC touted O'Malley's significant business and financial experience and expertise. This included stating that O'Malley graduated with a degree in business, oversaw the expansion of a real-estate company into eight different states, built his own real-estate investment company, and acquired a communications company in 1996. The PPM further describes O'Malley: "Having spent his entire business career in real estate in one form or another, he understands the ups and downs of the market and how to make them profitable depending on the cycle."
- 39. DPDC failed, however, to disclose facts that would make these representations not misleading. In 2002, O'Malley filed for Chapter 11 Bankruptcy in Arizona. On 2/10/03, O'Malley converted his bankruptcy to a Chapter 7. On 2/3/2004, the bankruptcy was discharged.
- 40. The PPM was given to at least two investors prior to their purchase of DPDC stock; these two investors provided copies of their PPMs to the Division. Additionally, at least 33

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investors represented in their Subscriptions that they had read and accepted the PPM. The PPM did not disclose O'Malley's 2002 bankruptcy.

Failure to disclose 2011 DPDC audit results

- 41. DPDC had an independent audit conducted that showed a net loss for 2010 with an accumulated deficit of \$1,235,322.
- 42. The date of the independent audit for DPDC was July 15, 2011. The results of the independent audit, specifically the net loss and accumulated deficit, were not disclosed to at least three of the 20 investors who invested after that date.

IV.

VIOLATION OF A.R.S. § 44-1841

(Offer or Sale of Unregistered Securities)

- 43. From on or about January 2009 until approximately November 2013, Respondents offered or sold securities in the form of stock issued by DPDC within or from Arizona to at least 40 investors. DPDC, as the issuer, offered and sold stock to all 40 investors. Of these 40, Bjerken offered or sold stock to 39 of the investors; O'Malley and Bjerken jointly sold stock to 16 of the investors; and one investor dealt exclusively with O'Malley.
- 44. The securities referred to above were not registered pursuant to Articles 6 or 7 of the Securities Act.
 - 45. This conduct violates A.R.S. § 44-1841.

V.

VIOLATION OF A.R.S. § 44-1842

(Transactions by Unregistered Dealers or Salesmen)

- 46. Respondents offered or sold securities within or from Arizona as described above while not registered as dealers or salesmen pursuant to Article 9 of the Securities Act.
 - 47. This conduct violates A.R.S. § 44-1842.

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VI.

VIOLATION OF A.R.S. § 44-1991

(Fraud in Connection with the Offer or Sale of Securities)

- 48. In connection with the offer or sale of securities within or from Arizona, Respondents directly or indirectly: (i) employed a device, scheme, or artifice to defraud; (ii) made untrue statements of material fact or omitted to state material facts that were necessary in order to make the statements made not misleading in light of the circumstances under which they were made; or (iii) engaged in transactions, practices, or courses of business that operated or would operate as a fraud or deceit upon offerees and investors. Respondents' conduct includes, but is not limited to, the following:
 - a) Failing to disclose to investors the Commission actions resulting in orders against Bjerken and the civil litigation and judgment against O'Malley described above;
 - b) Failing to disclose O'Malley's 2002 bankruptcy to the persons who received a PPM; and
 - c) Failing to disclose the net loss and accumulated deficit reported in DPDC independent audit to those investors who invested after the date of the audit.
 - 49. This conduct violates A.R.S. § 44-1991.

VII.

REQUESTED RELIEF

The Division requests that the Commission grant the following relief:

- 1. Order Respondents to permanently cease and desist from violating the Securities Act, pursuant to A.R.S. § 44-2032;
- 2. Order Respondents to take affirmative action to correct the conditions resulting from Respondents' acts, practices, or transactions, including a requirement to make restitution pursuant to A.R.S. § 44-2032, with restitution against each Respondent as follows:
 - a) DPDC: \$846,130;
 - b) Bjerken: \$841,130, jointly and severally with DPDC; and

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O'Malley: \$303,800, jointly and severally with DPDC, with \$298,800 of O'Malley's c) restitution also paid jointly and severally with Bjerken

- 3. Order Respondents to pay the state of Arizona administrative penalties of up to five thousand dollars (\$5,000) for each violation of the Securities Act, pursuant to A.R.S. § 44-2036;
- 4. Order that Respondent O'Malley, as a controlling person of Respondent DPDC, is jointly and severally liable with DPDC for DPDC's violations of the anti-fraud provisions pursuant to A.R.S. § 44-1999(B);
- Order that the marital community of Respondent O'Malley and Respondent Spouse be 5. subject to any order of restitution, rescission, administrative penalties, or other appropriate affirmative action pursuant to A.R.S. § 25-215; and
 - 6. Order any other relief that the Commission deems appropriate.

VIII.

HEARING OPPORTUNITY

Each respondent including Respondent Spouse may request a hearing pursuant to A.R.S. § 44-1972 and A.A.C. R14-4-306. If a Respondent or Respondent Spouse requests a hearing, the requesting respondent must also answer this Notice. A request for hearing must be in writing and received by the Commission within 10 business days after service of this Notice of Opportunity for Hearing. The requesting respondent must deliver or mail the request to Docket Control, Arizona Corporation Commission, 1200 W. Washington, Phoenix, Arizona 85007. Filing instructions may be obtained from Docket Control by calling (602) 542-3477 or on the Commission's website at http://www.azcc.gov/divisions/hearings/docket.asp.

If a request for a hearing is timely made, the Commission shall schedule the hearing to begin 20 to 60 days from the receipt of the request unless otherwise provided by law, stipulated by the parties, or ordered by the Commission. If a request for a hearing is not timely made the Commission may, without a hearing, enter an order granting the relief requested by the Division in this Notice of Opportunity for Hearing.

Persons with a disability may request a reasonable accommodation such as a sign language interpreter, as well as request this document in an alternative format, by contacting Shaylin A. Bernal, ADA Coordinator, voice phone number (602) 542-3931, e-mail sabernal@azcc.gov. Requests should be made as early as possible to allow time to arrange the accommodation. Additional information about the administrative action procedure may be found at http://www.azcc.gov/divisions/securities/enforcement/AdministrativeProcedure.asp

IX.

ANSWER REQUIREMENT

Pursuant to A.A.C. R14-4-305, if a Respondent or Respondent Spouse requests a hearing, the requesting respondent must deliver or mail an Answer to this Notice of Opportunity for Hearing to Docket Control, Arizona Corporation Commission, 1200 W. Washington, Phoenix, Arizona 85007, within 30 calendar days after the date of service of this Notice. Filing instructions may be obtained from Docket Control by calling (602) 542-3477 or on the Commission's website at http://www.azcc.gov/divisions/hearings/docket.asp.

Additionally, the answering respondent must serve the Answer upon the Division. Pursuant to A.A.C. R14-4-303, service upon the Division may be made by mailing or by hand-delivering a copy of the Answer to the Division at 1300 West Washington, 3rd Floor, Phoenix, Arizona, 85007, addressed to Ryan J. Millecam.

The Answer shall contain an admission or denial of each allegation in this Notice and the original signature of the answering respondent or respondent's attorney. A statement of a lack of sufficient knowledge or information shall be considered a denial of an allegation. An allegation not denied shall be considered admitted.

When the answering respondent intends in good faith to deny only a part or a qualification of an allegation, the respondent shall specify that part or qualification of the allegation and shall admit the remainder. The respondent waives any affirmative defense not raised in the Answer.

The officer presiding over the hearing may grant relief from the requirement to file an Answer for good cause shown. Dated this _____ day of April, 2015.