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**BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION**

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**RIO VERDE UTILITIES, INC.**

**DOCKET NOS. WS-02156A-00-0321 & WS-02156A-0323**

**SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF DAN L. NEIDLINGER**

**ON BEHALF OF THE**

**RIO VERDE COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION**

**AND**

**RIO VERDE COUNTRY CLUB**

**JANUARY 31, 2000**

BEFORE THE ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION  
RIO VERDE UTILITIES, INC.  
DOCKET NOS. WS-021561A-00-0321 & WS-02156A-0323

Surrebuttal Testimony of Dan L. Neidlinger

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**ARIZONA CORPORATION COMMISSION**  
**RIO VERDE UTILITIES, INC.**  
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**Surrebuttal Testimony of Dan L. Neidlinger**

Q. PLEASE STATE YOUR NAME, ADDRESS AND OCCUPATION.

A. My name is Dan L. Neidlinger. My business address is 3020 North 17<sup>th</sup> Drive, Phoenix, Arizona. I am President of Neidlinger & Associates, Ltd., a consulting firm specializing in utility rate economics.

Q. DID YOU PREVIOUSLY FILE DIRECT TESTIMONY IN THIS MATTER ON BEHALF OF INTERVENORS RIO VERDE COMMUNITY ASSOCIATION AND THE RIO VERDE COUNTRY CLUB?

A. Yes.

Q. WHAT IS THE PURPOSE OF THIS ADDITIONAL TESTIMONY?

A. The purpose of this additional testimony is to comment on certain aspects of the direct testimony of ACC Staff witnesses William A Rigsby and John Chelus as well as the rebuttal testimonies of Company witnesses Arthur Brooks and Thomas Bourassa. I will also discuss amended schedules reflecting revised rate base, rate of return and recommended rates for both the water and sewer divisions of Rio Verde Utilities, Inc. ("Company").

**EXCESS CAPACITY**

Q. HAVE YOU REVIEWED THE REBUTTAL TESTIMONY AND RELATED REPORT OF ARTHUR N. BROOKS REGARDING THE COMPANY'S WATER STORAGE FACILITIES?

A. Yes. Mr. Brook's engineering firm, Brooks, Hersey & Associates, was responsible for the design of the Asher Hill water storage facility. Not surprisingly, he does not

believe it to represent excess capacity. Paradoxically, Mr. Brooks states in his rebuttal report that this storage was built to serve both the Rio Verde and Tonto Verde developments, yet his calculations, if believed, would indicate that the current minimum storage requirements already exceed the current capacity of the Asher Hill storage facility. As outlined in the business development brochure appended to Mr. Brook's testimony and report, his firm received a Technical Excellence Award of Merit in 1997 from the Arizona Consulting Engineers Association for the design of the "Tonto Verde Integrated Water and Wastewater Treatment Systems". [Emphasis supplied]. Interestingly, Rio Verde is not mentioned. The Asher Hill facility was clearly, in my view, constructed to provide water storage capacity capable of serving Rio Verde, Tonto Verde and future development beyond Tonto Verde. Since it was not properly financed through developer advances or higher connect fees (either or both of which the Company could have requested of the Commission), the excess capacity adjustment I discussed in my direct testimony is especially justified in this case. If this adjustment is not made, current customers will be required to pay for storage capacity, tank structures, pumping equipment and transmission mains that were constructed to serve many future customers.

**Q. WHAT ABOUT MR. BROOK'S CONTENTION THAT THE MINIMUM STORAGE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE COMPANY DURING 1999 EXCEEDED THE CAPACITY OF THE ASHER HILL TANK?**

**A. Mr. Brook's calculations supporting this contention are entirely unrealistic. First, ADEQ Bulletin No. 10 provides only guidelines, not specific engineering instructions for designing a water system under a defined set of facts. More importantly, his calculations ignore the fact that the Company has not one but four potable water wells and that the largest producer, well number 2, is equipped with a standby generator. Production from these wells can and should be considered when determining storage requirements. Moreover, if the lack of standby power was a concern at the time the Asher Hill facility was designed, that problem could have been rectified by adding small generators at an extremely modest cost when compared with the \$1.2 million invested in the Asher Hill project. Finally, the only conclusion that one can logically**

reach from Mr. Brook's calculations is that the Company invested \$1.19 million to provide water storage for 1,240 customers or approximately \$960 per customer. Prior to this project at the end of 1994, the Company's was serving 870 customers and the per-customer plant investment for storage, including related equipment, was in the range of \$250 to \$280. The gross plant value of the original 300,000 gallon tank itself was only \$78,000 or \$90 per customer. Accordingly, under this scenario, the project moves into the uneconomic or imprudent investment category since the Company could have met the storage needs of 370 additional customers at a fraction of the cost of the Asher Hill facility. Even if one accepts Mr. Brooks calculations, an adjustment to reduce the cost of the facility due to uneconomic investment is appropriate.

**Q. HOW MUCH OF THE ASHER HILL FACILITY ARE YOU RECOMMENDING TO BE INCLUDED IN RATE BASE?**

**A.** I am recommending that \$441,704 of gross plant and \$380,800 of net plant related to the Asher Hill facility be included in rate base. The gross plant amount I am recommending, on a per-customer basis, is \$356 or 27% to 42% greater than the per-customer investment for storage prior to the construction of the Asher Hill facility. Since customer growth normally reduces the per-customer investment for a utility, this increased allowance is more than reasonable.

**Q. HAVE YOU CALCULATED, FOR ILLUSTRATIVE PURPOSES, EXCESS CAPACITY UNDER MR. BROOK'S ASSUMPTIONS, MODIFIED ONLY FOR THE AVAILABILITY OF WELL NO. 2 AS A RESOURCE?**

**A.** Yes. This calculation is shown on Surrebuttal Schedule DLN-1. Using Mr. Brook's assumptions for storage capacity, peak demands and fire flow requirements and Well number 2 as a production resource, the excess storage capacity is 305,180 gallons or 41.24%.

**Q. HAVE YOU MODIFIED OR REDUCED YOUR EXCESS STORAGE CAPACITY RECOMMENDATION BASED ON THIS CALCULATION?**

A. No. The excess calculations provided in my direct testimony are appropriate for ratemaking purposes in this case. Schedule DLN-1 merely illustrates the fact that with one reasonable addition to Mr. Brook's set of assumptions, the Asher Hill facility had significant excess capacity at the end of 1999.

Q. HAVE YOU REVIEWED MR. BROOK'S REBUTTAL TESTIMONY AND RELATED REPORT REGARDING SEWER TREATMENT CAPACITY?

A. Yes. Mr. Brook's states in his report that "during the peak flow hours of the peak day, the wastewater treatment plant has been operating very near full capacity (86%)". This conclusion is based on a "measured" peak daily flow of 354,000 gallons on April 19, 1999. I don't know the origin of this peak flow amount. The Association, in data request RVCA-18, requested that the Company provide total and maximum daily sewerage flows for each month of the test year. The Company stated that this information was not available. This additional information is needed to evaluate whether the 354,000 gallons represents a realistic peaking level on a continuing basis. However, my basic disagreement with Mr. Brook's analysis is not with the 354,000-gallon peak, per se, since this amount falls within my calculated range of 347,827 to 378,600 peak gallons. His misapplication of this statistic is the problem. Wastewater treatment plant capacities are rated based on daily flows, not hourly or diurnal flows. The Company's treatment plant diurnal patterns are normal for a wastewater system with a large residential sewerage component.

Q. HOW DID YOU CALCULATE YOUR EXCESS TREATMENT CAPACITY PERCENTAGE?

A. As indicated in my direct testimony, I calculated excess treatment capacity under two approaches: one based on total effluent and the other based on assumptions concerning sewerage flows per customer. The first showed an excess capacity of 50%. The second method produced an excess capacity of 46%. I concluded that a 45% capacity adjustment was reasonable after reviewing these calculations. The Company itself included a 35% excess capacity adjustment in its filing based on a customer calculation. My adjustment is primarily based on a modified version of the

Company's own calculation. The Company, however, assumed average occupancy per household of 3.6 residents. My calculation assumes an average of 2.0 residents. This assumption is high since a recent population count in Rio Verde shows 1,709 residents in 911 households or an average of 1.88 residents per household. Further, I used ADEQ's guideline flows of 100 gallons per day per resident. This assumption is also high since per capita flows in retirement communities, such as Rio Verde, are typically in the range of 70 to 80 gallons per day. In summary, I view my proposed 45% capacity adjustment to treatment capacity to be very reasonable in this case.

**Q. DID THE STAFF ENGINEER, MR. JOHN CHELUS, ACCEPT THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED 35% EXCESS CAPACITY ADJUSTMENT TO THE WASTEWATER TREATMENT PLANT?**

**A. Yes.** Mr. Chelus, however, provided no independent analysis to support the reasonableness of the 35% adjustment. Similarly, he evidently accepted, without analysis, the Company's contention that all water plant is fully utilized, and there is no excess capacity in storage facilities. He should have, in my view, reviewed in more depth the service capacities of the utility plant included by the Company in rate base for both divisions.

**EFFECT ON REVENUE REQUIREMENTS OF STAFF'S RECOMMENDATION TO DELAY APPROVAL OF THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED FINANCING**

**Q. HAVE YOU REVIEWED STAFF WITNESS RIGSBY'S RECOMMENDATION TO DELAY APPROVAL OF THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED DEBT FINANCING?**

**A. Yes.** Mr. Rigsby's recommendation to delay approval of this financing is unreasonable in view of the Company's need to refinance short-term advances from its parent company. Further, by not considering this additional debt in determining revenue requirements, the benefits of this financing have not been reflected in Staff's proposed rates. It would be wrong, in my view, for the Commission to approve revenue requirements that are at or near those recommended by Staff and then

approve, in a subsequent proceeding, the financing sought by the Company. If this were to occur, the benefits of the financing would not be reflected in rates until the next rate proceeding, and the Company would over-earn in the interim.

Q. DID STAFF DETERMINE THE RATE IMPACT OF ITS DECISION TO DEFER CONSIDERATION OF THE COMPANY'S FINANCING REQUEST?

A. No. In response to our data request, Staff witnesses indicated that they hadn't bothered to make these calculations.

Q. HOW WOULD THE INCLUSION OF THE COMPANY'S PROPOSED DEBT FINANCING AFFECT STAFF'S REVENUE REQUIREMENTS?

A. As shown on Schedule DLN-2, Staff's revenue requirements would have been reduced by approximately \$104,000, or 6.68%, solely due to changes in cost of capital and interest expenses. The bulk of this reduction, \$79,000, is related to water revenue requirements. Instead of a 43% increase in water revenues, the recommended increase would be 35%.

Q. HOW SHOULD THIS PROBLEM BE REMEDIED?

A. I suggest that the Staff prepare a supplemental filing that incorporates the Company's proposed financing, including the changes in debt costs provided in its rebuttal testimony. These adjusted recommendations concerning revenue requirements and rates would then be available for consideration, subject to Commission approval of the financing.

#### REBUTTAL TESTIMONY OF TOM BOURASSA

Q. ON PAGE 12 OF HIS REBUTTAL TESTIMONY, MR. BOURASSA STATES THAT YOU HAVE UNFAIRLY ELIMINATED DEBT HOLDBACK RESERVES FROM RATE BASE. HOW DID YOU TREAT THESE ITEMS?

A. I increased the effective cost of debt for these reserves thereby increasing the weighted cost of capital. This approach is preferable, in my view, since it more

correctly reflects the true cost of borrowing and results in a better matching of rate base and capital costs. In fact, it is precisely this same matching concept that Mr. Bourassa himself espoused, and with which I agree, at pages 14 and 15 of his rebuttal testimony. Both the Company and the Staff have included these items in rate base. This treatment incorrectly provides for an equity return, via the equity component in the weighted cost of capital, on a rate base element that is 100% debt-related.

Q. ON PAGES 14 AND 15 OF HIS REBUTTAL, MR. BOURASSA STATES THAT YOUR INTEREST EXPENSE CALCULATIONS AND REVENUE CONVERSION FACTOR ARE INCORRECT. WHAT IS YOUR RESPONSE?

A. Mr. Bourassa is correct on both counts. The interest expense used to calculate income taxes in my direct presentation was incorrect. Mr. Bourassa contends that all of the plant that I removed from rate base was debt-financed and that I failed to make a corresponding adjustment to interest expense. I have reviewed this assertion and determined that 71%, not 100%, of this plant was debt-financed. Additionally, the income tax conversion factor used to calculate revenue requirements was too low. I have corrected both of these deficiencies in my amended recommendations on revenue requirements and rates.

Q. WHAT ABOUT MR. BOURASSA'S CLAIM THAT THE COMPANY'S WATER PUMPING POWER COSTS WOULD INCREASE BY \$22,000 IF THE STORAGE CAPACITY ADJUSTMENTS RECOMMENDED BY YOU AND RUCO WERE TO BE ADOPTED?

A. I don't know how the \$22,000 was calculated, but, to be conservative, I have increased water-pumping costs by that amount in my amended water operating income statement. The Company's opportunities to pump off-peak would admittedly be diminished with reductions in storage capacities. Whether the savings would be totally eliminated, as assumed by Mr. Bourassa, is problematic.

AMENDED REVENUE REQUIREMENTS AND RATES

Q. HAVE YOU DEVELOPED REVISED REVENUE REQUIREMENTS AND RATES FOR BOTH OF THE COMPANY'S DIVISIONS?

A. Yes. A summary of my recommended revenue requirements is provided on Schedule DLN-3. The recommended increase in water revenues is now \$246,079 or 26.95%. This increase is approximately \$43,000 greater than the increase recommended in my direct testimony. The recommended increase in sewer revenues remains essentially unchanged at \$112,853 or 20.94%.

Q. WHAT IS THE BASIS FOR THESE REVISIONS?

A. My starting point was the adoption of the Company's rebuttal amounts for rate base and test year operating income for both divisions. The rate bases of both divisions were then reduced for excess capacity; finance charges and debt reserves were also eliminated. As previously discussed, the cost of finance charges and debt reserves was included in my calculation of the embedded cost of long-term debt. Operating revenues for both divisions were increased to reflect connect fee revenues based on 80 connections per year. In my direct testimony, I adopted the Company's connect fee revenues that were based on 70 connections per year. However, recent historical and projected customer growth statistics support an annual connect rate of 80 customers rather than 70. Pro forma adjustments were made to water operating expenses to increase pumping power costs and reduce depreciation expense for the depreciation related to the excess capacity adjustment. Interest expense was also reduced for the interest related to the debt portion of the plant removed from rate base. Similar adjustments were made to sewer operating expenses and interest expense.

Q. WHAT ABOUT COST OF CAPITAL?

A. Weighted cost of capital calculations for both divisions were modified to incorporate the revised cost of debt related to proposed financing as provided in the Company's rebuttal filing. The weighted cost of capital calculations for the water and sewer divisions are shown on Schedules DLN-6 and DLN-9, respectively.

Q. HOW DO THESE REVISIONS AFFECT YOUR RECOMMENDED RATES?

A. All of the increase in water revenues is recovered through increases in commodity rates for both potable and irrigation water. As shown on Schedule DLN-10, the proposed commodity rate for potable water is \$1.51 per thousand gallons or \$0.10 per thousand higher than the \$1.41 recommendation contained in my direct testimony. The proposed irrigation commodity rate has been increased from \$1.04 per thousand gallons to \$1.08. The only change in proposed sewer rates is a miniscule, \$0.08 per month, increase in the residential charge to \$40.98 per month.

Q. HAVE YOU PROPOSED ANY CHANGES WITH RESPECT TO CONNECT FEES?

A. No. The proposed connect fees shown on Schedule DLN-12 are the same as those recommended in my direct testimony.

Q. WHY DO YOU DISAGREE WITH THE COMPANY'S REBUTTAL POSITION ON CONNECT FEES?

A. Although I understand that the Company is seeking a compromise position, I do not agree with removing any of the existing level of revenue support supplied by these fees. The Commission decided that issue, correctly in my opinion, after a contested (by Staff) hearing in the last rate proceeding. Additionally, it is critical to raise these fees as high as is reasonable to provide CIAC to offset both the extremely high plant costs this Company continues to incur and any additional excess capacities that might be incorporated in new utility construction. I do agree with Mr. Bourassa that these are no more "subsidies" to existing customers than any other form of developer or customer advance-in-aid. In fact, the current revenue treatment helps to partially eliminate the subsidization of future customers that is inherent in Staff's position.

Q. DOES THAT CONCLUDE YOUR SURREBUTTAL TESTIMONY?

A. Yes, it does.

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EXCESS STORAGE CAPACITY USING ASSUMPTIONS OF ARTHUR BROOKS

DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT
Storage Capacity - Gallons (1)	740,000
Less: Storage Level Adjustment	(74,000)
Storage Capacity Available	666,000
Peak Daily Demand (1)	699,000
Peak Hourly Demand	29,125
4 Hour Demand	(116,500)
4 Hour Fire Flow (1)	(408,000)
Total 4 Hour Demand	(524,500)
4 Hour Pumping Capability - Well 2 (2)	163,680
Storage Requirement	(360,820)
Excess Storage Capacity	305,180
Percent	41.24%

NOTES:

- (1) Per Company Rebuttal Report of Brooks, Hersey & Associates
- (2) Well 2 is Equipped With a Standby Generator

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**ADJUSTED STAFF REVENUE REQUIREMENTS WITH PROPOSED FINANCING**

DESCRIPTION	TOTAL COMPANY	WATER DIVISION	SEWER DIVISION
Staff Rate Base	\$6,864,999	\$4,104,475	\$2,760,524
Staff Operating Income - Present Rts.	334,256	187,653	146,603
Staff Cost of Capital		10.65%	9.67%
Staff Cost of Capital - Inc. Prop. Fin.(1)		10.38%	9.89%
Op. Inc. Reqmt. - Staff Report	704,069	437,127	266,943
Op. Inc. Reqmt. - Inc. Prop. Fin	699,060	426,045	273,016
Interest Expense - Staff Report	186,497	51,779	134,718
Interest Expense - Inc. Prop. Financing	345,763	170,746	175,017
Income Taxes - Staff Report	79,493	75,195	4,298
Income Taxes - Inc. Prop. Financing	21,200	38,454	(17,254)
Increase In Op. Income	58,293	36,741	21,552
Revised Op. Inc. - Inc. Prop. Fin.	392,549	224,394	168,155
Op. Inc. Reqmt. - Inc. Prop. Financing	699,060	426,045	273,016
Operating Income Deficiency	306,511	201,651	104,861
Operating Income Con. Factor	1.6469	1.6469	1.6469
Revised Increase In Revenues	504,794	332,098	172,695
Staff Recommended Inc. In Rev.	609,039	410,853	198,186
<b>Reduction in Rev. Reqmt.</b>	<b>\$104,245</b>	<b>\$78,755</b>	<b>\$25,491</b>
Staff Test Year Revenues	\$1,560,483	\$949,205	\$611,278
Staff Recommended Percentage Inc	39.03%	43.28%	32.42%
<b>Revised Percentage Increase</b>	<b>32.35%</b>	<b>34.99%</b>	<b>28.25%</b>
<b>Reduction in Percentage Inc.</b>	<b>6.68%</b>	<b>8.30%</b>	<b>4.17%</b>

NOTE:

(1) Per Response to Data Request to Staff, RVCA-44

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**REVENUE REQUIREMENTS SUMMARY**

<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>TOTAL COMPANY</b>	<b>WATER DIVISION</b>	<b>SEWER DIVISION</b>
Original Cost Rate Base	\$5,677,532	\$3,463,892	\$2,213,640
Test Year Operating Income	354,374	204,297	150,077
Current Rate of Return	6.24%	5.90%	6.78%
Required Rate of Return	10.12%	10.26%	9.91%
Operating Income Requirement	\$574,767	\$355,395	\$219,372
Operating Income Deficiency	220,393	151,098	69,295
Revenue Conversion Factor	1.6286	1.6286	1.6286
Increase in Gross Revenues	\$358,932	\$246,079	\$112,853
Test Year Revenues - Sales	\$1,451,862	\$912,925	\$538,937
Percentage Increase	24.72%	26.95%	20.94%

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**ORIGINAL COST RATE BASE - WATER DIVISION**

DESCRIPTION	PER COMPANY REBUTTAL	PROPOSED ADJUST.	ADJUSTED AMOUNT
Gross Utility Plant in Service (1)	\$6,491,892	(\$745,354)	\$5,746,538
Less: Accumulated Depreciation (1)	1,020,690	(102,773)	917,917
Net Utility Plant in Service	\$5,471,202	(\$642,581)	\$4,828,621
Less:			
Contributions - Net of Amortization	\$1,269,912		\$1,269,912
Meter Deposits	120,684		120,684
Deferred Income Taxes	64,776		64,776
Total Deductions	\$1,455,372	\$0	\$1,455,372
Plus:			
Working Capital Allowance	\$90,643		\$90,643
Unamortized Finance Costs (2)	12,904	(12,904)	0
Debt Reserve Fund (2)	129,039	(129,039)	0
Total Additions	\$232,586	(\$141,943)	\$90,643
Total Rate Base	\$4,248,416	(\$784,524)	\$3,463,892

**NOTES:**

- (1) Excess Storage Capacity Adjustment
- (2) Removed From Rate Base - Included in Embedded Cost of Debt Calculation

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**ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME - WATER DIVISION**

DESCRIPTION	PER COMPANY REBUTTAL	PROPOSED ADJUST.	ADJUSTED AMOUNT
Revenues (1)	\$953,199	\$5,000	\$958,199
Operating Expenses:			
Pumping Power (2)	\$156,637	\$22,000	\$178,637
Depreciation (3)	154,281	(22,838)	131,443
Income Taxes (4)	38,577	20,933	59,510
All Other Operating Expenses	384,312	0	384,312
Total Operating Expenses	<u>\$733,807</u>	<u>\$20,095</u>	<u>\$753,902</u>
Operating Income	\$219,392	(\$15,095)	\$204,297
Interest Expense	\$158,023	(\$48,388)	\$109,635
Net Income	\$61,369	\$33,293	\$94,662

**NOTES:**

- (1) Increase in Connect Fees to Reflect Customer Connections at 80 Per Year
- (2) Increase in Pumping Power to Reflect Reduced Off-Peak Pumping
- (3) Decrease In Depreciation - Excess Plant Capacity Adjustment
- (4) Income Tax Effect of Pro Forma Adjustments and Reduced Interest Expense

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WEIGHTED COST OF CAPITAL - WATER DIVISION

DESCRIPTION	BALANCE AT 12-31-99	PERCENT	COST	WEIGHTED COST
Long-Term Debt:				
Second Rio Verde Co.	\$566,223	13.71%	9.77%	1.34%
Proposed Loan (1)	1,148,446	27.81%	8.93%	2.48%
	1,714,669	41.52%		3.82%
Common Equity	2,415,521	58.48%	11.00%	6.43%
	\$4,130,190	100.00%		10.26%

NOTE:

(1) Adjusted for Debt Reserve & Financing Costs

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**ORIGINAL COST RATE BASE - SEWER DIVISION**

DESCRIPTION	PER COMPANY REBUTTAL	PROPOSED ADJUST.	ADJUSTED AMOUNT
Gross Utility Plant in Service (1)	\$5,391,755	(\$368,671)	\$5,023,084
Less: Accumulated Depreciation (1)	812,276	(33,597)	778,679
Net Utility Plant in Service	\$4,579,479	(\$335,074)	\$4,244,405
Less:			
Contributions - Net of Amortization	\$1,946,088		\$1,946,088
Deferred Income Taxes	146,534		146,534
Total Deductions	\$2,092,622	\$0	\$2,092,622
Plus:			
Working Capital Allowance	\$61,857		\$61,857
Unamortized Finance Costs (2)	29,016	(29,016)	0
Debt Reserve Fund (2)	342,440	(342,440)	0
Total Additions	\$433,313	(\$371,456)	\$61,857
<b>Total Rate Base</b>	<b>\$2,920,170</b>	<b>(\$706,530)</b>	<b>\$2,213,640</b>

**NOTES:**

- (1) Excess Treatment Capacity Adjustment
- (2) Removed From Rate Base - Included in Embedded Cost of Debt Calculation

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**ADJUSTED OPERATING INCOME - SEWER DIVISION**

DESCRIPTION	PER COMPANY REBUTTAL	PROPOSED ADJUST.	ADJUSTED AMOUNT
Revenues (1)	\$593,778	\$27,500	\$621,278
Operating Expenses:			
Depreciation (2)	\$79,622	(\$9,599)	\$70,023
Income Taxes (3)	(17,555)	25,263	7,708
All Other Operating Expenses	393,470	0	393,470
Total Operating Expenses	\$455,537	\$15,664	\$471,201
Operating Income	\$138,241	\$11,836	\$150,077
Interest Expense	\$166,167	(\$28,350)	\$137,817
Net Income	(\$27,926)	\$40,186	\$12,260

NOTES:

- (1) Increase in Connect Fees to Reflect Customer Connections at 80 Per Year
- (2) Decrease In Depreciation - Excess Plant Capacity Adjustment
- (3) Income Tax Effect of Pro Forma Adjustments and Reduced Interest Expense

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WEIGHTED COST OF CAPITAL - SEWER DIVISION

DESCRIPTION	BALANCE AT 12-31-99	PERCENT	COST	WEIGHTED COST
Long-Term Debt:				
Cobank (1)	\$1,620,102	40.73%	9.55%	3.89%
Proposed Loan (1)	1,032,442	25.96%	9.08%	2.36%
	2,652,544	66.69%		6.25%
Common Equity	1,325,092	33.31%	11.00%	3.66%
	\$3,977,636	100.00%		9.91%

NOTE:

(1) Adjusted for Debt Reserve & Financing Costs

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PROPOSED REVENUES AND RATES - WATER DIVISION

DESCRIPTION	PRESENT RATES	PROPOSED RATES	INCREASE	PERCENT INCREASE
<b>REVENUES - WATER SALES:</b>				
Residential	\$280,993	\$363,321	\$82,328	29.30%
Commercial	42,270	58,606	16,336	38.65%
Irrigation	589,662	737,078	147,416	25.00%
<b>Total Water Sales</b>	<b>\$912,925</b>	<b>\$1,159,005</b>	<b>\$246,080</b>	<b>26.96%</b>
<b>RATES:</b>				
<u>Potable Water</u>				
<b>Monthly Service Charges: (1)</b>				
5/8", 3/4" & 1" Meters	\$7.00	\$9.00	\$2.00	28.57%
2"	40.00	80.00	40.00	100.00%
4"	50.00	100.00	50.00	100.00%
6"	100.00	200.00	100.00	100.00%
Commodity Charge - Per 1,000 Gal.	\$1.28	\$1.51	\$0.23	17.97%
<u>Irrigation Water</u>				
<b>Monthly Service Charges: (1)</b>				
6" Meters	\$100.00	\$200.00	\$100.00	100.00%
6" Meters - Potable	100.00	200.00	100.00	100.00%
8" Meters	200.00	400.00	200.00	100.00%
12" Meters	400.00	800.00	400.00	100.00%
Commodity Charge - Per 1,000 Gal.	\$0.88	\$1.08	\$0.20	22.73%
Irrigation Surcharge - Potable Water	0.40	0.43	0.03	7.50%
<u>Standpipe &amp; Construction Water</u>	\$1.28	\$2.25	\$0.97	75.78%

NOTE:

(1) Present Rates Include 1,000 Gallons; No Gallons in Proposed Rates

**RIO VERDE UTILITIES, INC.**  
Docket Nos. WS-02156A-00-0321 & WS-021561A-0323

**PROPOSED REVENUES AND RATES - SEWER DIVISION**

<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>PRESENT RATES</b>	<b>PROPOSED RATES</b>	<b>INCREASE</b>	<b>PERCENT INCREASE</b>
<b>SEWER SERVICE REVENUES:</b>				
Residential	\$477,360	\$575,363	\$98,003	20.53%
Domestic Commercial	16,350	21,800	5,450	33.33%
Commercial - Restaurants	1,800	3,600	1,800	100.00%
Effluent	43,427	51,027	7,600	17.50%
<b>Total Sewer Service Revenues</b>	<b>\$538,937</b>	<b>\$651,790</b>	<b>\$112,853</b>	<b>20.94%</b>
<b>RATES:</b>				
Monthly Residential	\$34.00	\$40.98	\$6.98	20.53%
Monthly Domestic Commercial	75.00	100.00	25.00	33.33%
Monthly Commercial - Restaurants	75.00	150.00	75.00	100.00%
Effluent - Per 1,000 Gallons	0.80	0.94	0.14	17.50%

**RIO VERDE UTILITIES, INC.**  
**Docket Nos. WS-02156A-00-0321 & WS-021561A-0323**

**PROPOSED WATER AND SEWER CONNECT FEES**

<b>DESCRIPTION</b>	<b>PRESENT FEES</b>	<b>PROPOSED FEES (1)</b>	<b>INCREASE</b>	<b>PERCENT INCREASE</b>
Water Connect Fee	\$500	\$2,000	\$1,500	300.00%
Sewer Connect Fee	1,000	2,000	1,000	100.00%

**NOTE:**

(1) Recommended Treatment:

Water Revenues - \$500

Water Plant Contributions - \$1,500

Sewer Revenues - \$1,000

Sewer Plant Contributions - \$1,000